

$$\sum_{i=1}^{\infty} \frac{6}{i(i+1)(i+2)} = \frac{3}{2}$$

Bewijs.
$$\frac{6}{i(i+1)(i+2)} = \frac{A}{i} + \frac{B}{i+1} + \frac{C}{i+2}$$

$$= \frac{A(i^2+3i+2) + B(i^2+2i) + C(i^2+i)}{i(i+1)(i+2)}$$

dan is $A+B+C=0$ (coëff. van i^2)
 $3A+2B+C=0$ (coëff. van i)
 $2A=6$ (constante termen)

zodat $A=3$, $B=-6$ en $C=3$.

$$\frac{6}{i(i+1)(i+2)} = \frac{3}{i} - \frac{6}{i+1} + \frac{3}{i+2}$$

dan is $\frac{1}{1} = \frac{6}{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3} = \frac{3}{1} - \frac{6}{2} + \frac{3}{3}$

$$\frac{1}{4} = \frac{6}{2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4} = \frac{3}{2} - \frac{6}{3} + \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\frac{1}{10} = \frac{6}{3 \cdot 4 \cdot 5} = \frac{3}{3} - \frac{6}{4} + \frac{3}{5}$$

$$\frac{1}{20} = \frac{6}{4 \cdot 5 \cdot 6} = \frac{3}{4} - \frac{6}{5} + \frac{3}{6}$$

$$\frac{1}{35} = \frac{6}{5 \cdot 6 \cdot 7} = \frac{3}{5} - \frac{6}{6} + \frac{3}{7}$$

⋮

$$+ \frac{6}{n(n+1)(n+2)} = \frac{3}{n} - \frac{6}{n+1} + \frac{3}{n+2}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{6}{i(i+1)(i+2)} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{6}{n+1} + \frac{3}{n+2} \right)$$

$$= \frac{3}{2}$$

(bij toename
 vallende termen
 in groepjes van drie
 weg: zie stippellijnen)