

2

Present tenses • *have/have got*

Things in the house

Writing – linking words

The way we live

Present Simple

1 Making negatives

T 2.1 Correct the sentences.

1 The sun rises in the west.

The sun doesn't rise in the west. It rises in the east.

2 The Pope lives in Alaska.

The Pope doesn't live in A. He lives in I.

3 Manchester United footballers wear yellow shirts.

On U. f. don't wear yellow shirts.

4 Kangaroos come from Canada.

They wear red shirts. don't come from Canada, they come from

5 The sun shines at night.

The sun doesn't shine at night. It shines in the daytime.

6 In Britain people drive on the right.

They don't drive on the right, they drive on the left.

2 Making questions

T 2.2 Write the questions.

1 I get up at _____.

What time do you get up?

2 At the weekend I usually go to _____.

at the. Where do you usually go to at the weekend?

3 The bank opens at _____.

What time does the bank open?

4 My mother comes from _____.

Where does your mother come from?

5 My children go to _____ school.

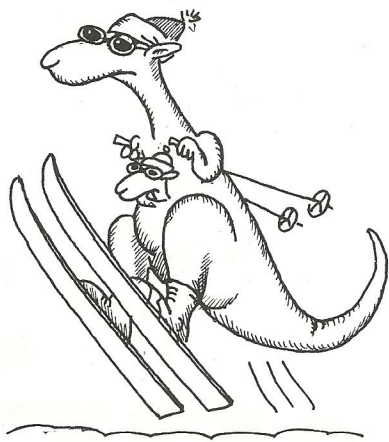
Which school do your children go to?

6 My brother works in _____.

Where does your brother work?

7 My sister drives a _____.

What sort of car does your sister drive?



3 Short answers

Answer the questions about you.
Use short answers.

1 Do you smoke?

Yes, I do. / No, I don't.

2 Do you like science fiction?

3 Do you dream a lot?

4 Do you listen to the radio?

5 Do your parents read a lot?

6 Does your teacher give you a lot of homework?

7 Does it rain a lot in your country?



4 Third person singular

Write the third person singular of these verbs.

1 help helps

2 watch watches

3 want wants

4 go goes

5 carry carries

6 catch catches

7 think thinks

8 crash crashes

9 wash washes

10 read reads

11 do does

12 fly flies

13 study studies

14 kiss kisses

15 eat eats

16 have has irregular

17 cry cries

5 Adverbs of frequency

Put the words in the correct order.

1 cinema/you/to/often/go/the/do/? mid-position

Do you often go to the cinema?

2 meat/never/eat/I/because/don't/I/it/like mid-pos. it

I never eat meat because I don't like it.

3 listen/evening/the/to/parents/radio/the/my/always/in mid-pos.

My parents always listen to the radio in the evening.

4 holiday/how/do/have/often/a/you/? mid-pos.

How often do you have a holiday?

5 sometimes/restaurant/we/Japanese/go/a/to

We do sometimes go to a Japanese restaurant.

6 for/late/never/am/school/I

I am never late for school.

Present Simple or Continuous?

6 Spelling of the present participle

Write the *-ing* form of these verbs.

- | | |
|----------|------------------|
| 1 read | <u>reading</u> |
| 2 swim | <u>swimming</u> |
| 3 come | <u>coming</u> |
| 4 rain | <u>raining</u> |
| 5 wear | <u>wearing</u> |
| 6 think | <u>thinking</u> |
| 7 shine | <u>shining</u> |
| 8 smoke | <u>smoking</u> |
| 9 have | <u>having</u> |
| 10 take | <u>taking</u> |
| 11 wait | <u>waiting</u> |
| 12 get | <u>getting</u> |
| 13 stop | <u>stopping</u> |
| 14 run | <u>running</u> |
| 15 begin | <u>beginning</u> |

7 Choosing the correct form

Choose the form of the verb.

- I go / *am going* to work now. Goodbye!
- I read / *am reading* a book about astrology.
- I read / *am reading* lots of books every year.
- We go / *are going* to a party on Saturday.
- Nurses look / *are looking* after people in hospital.
- Annie comes / *is coming* from Ireland.
- She comes / *is coming* for dinner this evening.
- I speak / *am speaking* four languages.
- Do you want / *Are you wanting* to go out tonight?

8 What does she do? or What is she doing?

T 2.3 Look at the picture and answer the questions.



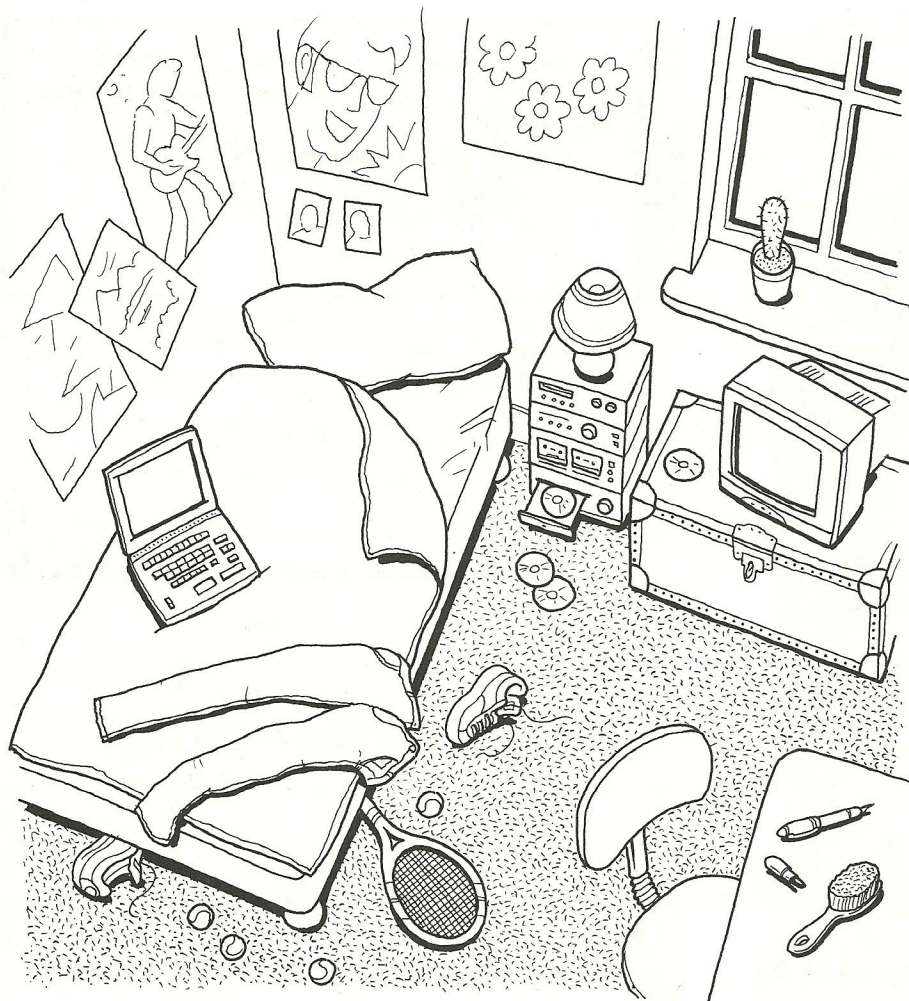
- What does Wendy do? She's a nurse.
- Is she working in the hospital now? No, she isn't.
- What's she doing? She's having dinner.
- What does Frank do? He's a waiter
- Is he working in a restaurant now? Yes, he is.
- What's he doing? He's serving food
- What does Tony do? He's a taxi-driver
- Is he driving a taxi now? No, he isn't
- What's he doing? He's reading a newspaper.
- What does Lisa do? She's a chef
- Is she working in the kitchen now? Yes, she is
- What's she doing? She's cooking

have/have got

9 Making statements and negatives

Look at the picture of Joely's bedroom. Complete the sentences in two ways, once with *has/doesn't have* and once with *'s got/hasn't got*.

- | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1 <u>She has a CD player.</u> | 4 She _____ a television. |
| <u>She's got a CD player.</u> | She _____ a television. |
| 2 She _____ a tennis racket. | 5 She _____ a computer. |
| She _____ a tennis racket. | She _____ a computer. |
| 3 She _____ a lot of CDs. | 6 She _____ a Walkman. |
| She _____ a lot of CDs. | She _____ a Walkman. |



Write some sentences about your bedroom.

I've got a bed, but I haven't got a basin.

I've got a radio, but I don't have a TV.

10 Short answers

T 2.4 Answer the questions about Joely and about you. Use short answers.

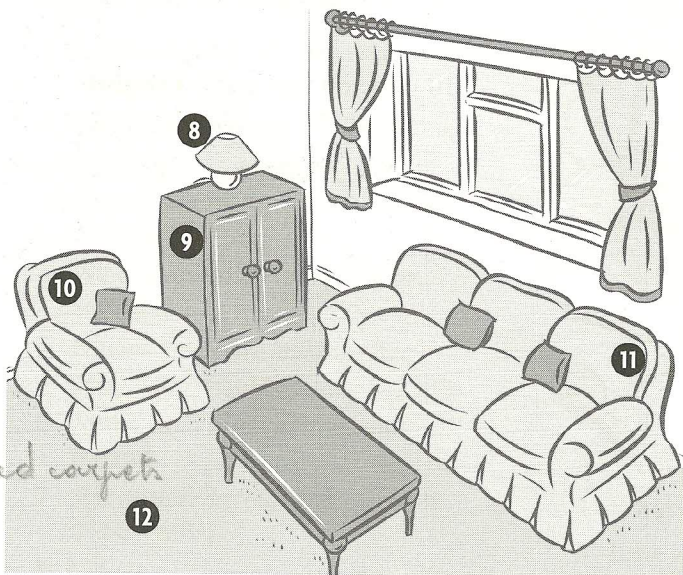
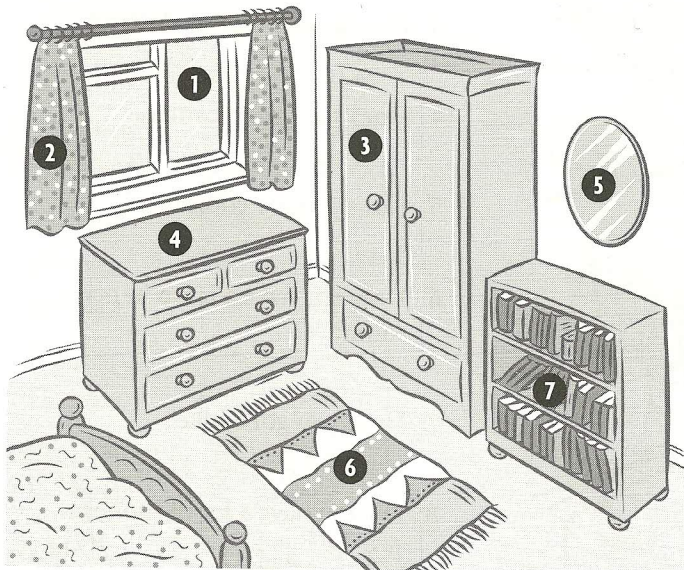
- 1 Does Joely have an untidy bedroom?
Yes, she does.
- 2 Has she got posters on her walls?
Yes, she has.
- 3 Has she got a lot of clothes?
No, she hasn't
- 4 Does she have a camera?
No, she doesn't
- 5 Has she got a computer?
Yes, she has
- 6 Does she have a lamp in her room?
Yes, she does
- 7 Have you got a bike?
Yes, I have. No, I haven't
- 8 Do you have a lot of money?
No, I don't. Yes, I do
- 9 Have you got a CD player?
Yes, I have
- 10 Do you have a good English accent?
No, I don't

Vocabulary

11 Things in the house

Match the words and pictures.

1 armchair	11 sofa	9 cupboard
7 bookcase	6 carpet	12 rug <i>bleedje - topijte</i>
11 window	2 curtains	3 wardrobe
4 chest of drawers	8 lamp	5 mirror



- | | |
|---------|----------|
| 1 _____ | 7 _____ |
| 2 _____ | 8 _____ |
| 3 _____ | 9 _____ |
| 4 _____ | 10 _____ |
| 5 _____ | 11 _____ |
| 6 _____ | 12 _____ |

Writing

12 Linking words – *but, however*

1 Complete the sentences with *and, so, or but*.

- 1 She can speak French, but she can't write it.
- 2 He's going to work in Spain, so he's learning Spanish.
- 3 I went into town. I bought some food and I went to the library.
- 4 I haven't got a car, but I've got a motorbike.
- 5 She's working late next Friday, so she can't come to the party.

! *But* and *however* can contrast ideas, but they are used differently. Compare these sentences. What differences can you see?

I learnt French easily, but I didn't like my teacher.

I learnt French easily. However, I didn't like my teacher.

2 Join the pairs of sentences in two different ways using *but* and *however*.

- 1 We enjoyed the holiday. It rained a lot.

- 2 He's moving to London next month. He doesn't like big cities.

- 3 She isn't English. She speaks English perfectly.

! *So* is used to express the result of the statement before. *Because* expresses the reason or cause of something.

Cause _____ **Result**

It started to rain, **so** we stopped playing tennis.

Result < _____ **Cause**

We stopped playing tennis **because** it started to rain.

3 Join the pairs of sentences in two different ways using *so* and *because*.

1 She went home. She was tired.

a) *She went home because she was tired.* b) *She was tired, so she went home.*

2 We didn't enjoy our holiday. The weather was bad.

a) *We didn't enjoy our holiday because the weather was bad.* b) *The weather was bad, so we didn't enjoy our holiday.*

3 He worked hard. He passed all his exams.

a) *He passed his exams because he worked hard.* b) *He worked hard, so he passed all his exams.*

13 Describing a person

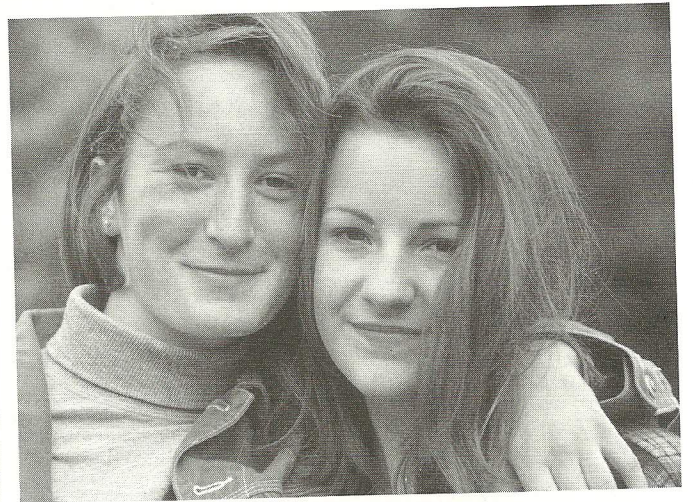
Complete the text with a linking word from the box.

and	but	so	because	however
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Two Sisters

My sister and I are very different, (1) *however* we get on well together. She likes staying at home in the evening (2) *and* watching television with her boyfriend, (3) *but* I prefer going out with my friends. We like to go to clubs or the cinema. Sometimes we just go to a café. I have exams soon, (4) *so* I'm not going out very much at the moment. My sister is six years older than me, (5) *and* she works in a bank. She's trying to save some money (6) *because* she's going to get married this year. Her fiancé's name is Ferdinand, (7) *but* we all call him Freddy.

People say I look like my sister (8) *because* we both have brown eyes (9) *and* dark hair. (10) *However*, we are very different in character. She's very quiet, (11) *but* I'm a lot more sociable.



Write a similar short paragraph about yourself and someone in your family.
